Tu, Th: 9:30 a.m.- 11:30 am., or by appt

Meeting Times 3:00 – 5:00 p.m, W, 214O'Neill Building

Course Description

This course will explore the scientific and popular literature 11(e)11(11(T8 0.205)-11(e)o)-11(e)11(t)-ee n/((11(1(r)7c))) + 10(1(r)7c)) + 10(

At UAF, the Office of Disability Services (203 WHIT; 4754655; TTY 474-1827; fydso@uaf.edu) ensures that students with physical or learning disabilities have equal access to camposurse materials. If you have specialized needs, please contact this office or the instructors to markengements as soon as possible.

Reading Assignments

The required course text is The Unnatural History of the Sea by Callum Roberts (2009; Reed Elsevier-Inc.; ISBN 10: 1597265772) Additional readings and handout be provided for this course and will be required readings for class discussion with the exception of the course text, all additional materials will provided class or on Blackboard.

Attendance

Class attendance is mandatory this course A total of 70 points (5 points per day, weeks 2-15) are available for attendance during the class meeting periods hich will be assigned on an all or none basis. To receive the full allotment of 5 attendance points for each meeting periods are expected to present at the start of the class Failure to attend the class without an excused absence will result in a zero for attendarperticular meeting period.

Assignments and Classarticipation

This course is dependent on weekly class discustion will require critical thinking and active engagement during each meeting period. Becaustiveclass participation by all students sessential for these activities, each student enrolled for this course will need to pare for each meeting period by completing all necessary readings and corresponding ssignments before each scheduled period. Assignments will be given out at the end of each class period and will be due at the start of the following class periodure to the class without an excused absence will result in a zeroassignment for that meeting period. These assignments may include answering thought questions related to the readings, conducting literature or Internet searches related to the discussion topic, analyses of toped and will provide the mechanism by which students preparation for the class discussion is evaluated. As a rcla822(a)-11(r(1(p)-5[(c)11(la)-1)-11(822(a)-11(r(la)-11(s) in15oi1(h 1s.11-i give1)11(b)))

WEEKLY DISCUSSION/READING OUTLINE

DiscussionTopic

<u>Week</u>

<u>Reading</u>s

Course Overview

Peer-ReviewedLiterature Reading List

Hall, S. J., and B. Mainprize. 2004. Towards ecosystemed fisheries management. Fish and Fisheries05:1

Hardin, G. 1968. The tragedy of the commons. Science 162:112443.

Hilborn, R. 2007. Moving to sustainability bearning from successful fisheries. Ambio 36:2396.

Hilborn, R., J. Annala, and D. S. Holland. 2006. The cost of overfishing and management strategies for new fisheries on slovegrowing fish: orange rough *Hoplostethus atlanticus*) in New Zealand. Cardian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences 63:2-124(953).

Hilborn, R., and K. Stokes. 2010. Defining overfished stocks: have we lost the plot? Fisheries1220:113

Hutchings, J. A. 1996. Spatial and temporal variation in the density of northernotad eview of hypotheses for the stock's collapse. Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences 952943

Hutchings, J. A., and R. A. Myers. 1994. What can be learned from the collapse of a renewable resource? Atlantic cod, *Gadus morhua*, of Newfoundland and Labrador. Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences 51:2126-2146.

Hutchings, J. A., and J. D. Reynolds. 2004. Marine fish population collapses: consequences for recovery and extinction risk. BioScience 54:29309.

Larkin, P.A. 1977. An epitaph for the concept of maximum sustained yield. Transactions of the American Fisheries Society 106:11.

Myers, R. A., and B. Worm. 2003. Rapid worldwide depletion of predatory fish communities. Nature 423:280 283.

Pauly, D. On Malthusian overfishing. 1990. Naga, the ICLARM Quarterly 43:3

Pauly, D. 1995. Anecdotes and shifting baseline syndrome of fisheries. Trends in Ecology and Evolution 10:430.

Pauly, D., J. Alder, E. Bennett, V. Christensen, P. Tyedmers, and R. Watson. The futurerfes fisbience 302:1359-1361.

Pinnegar, J. K., and G. H. Engelhard. 2008. The 'shifting baseline' phenomenon: a global perspective. Reviews in Fisheries Biology and Fisheries 18t6.

Polacheck, T. Tuna longline catch rates in the Indian Ocean: didriad tishing result in a 90% decline in the abundance of large predatory species? Marine Policy 394820

Smith, T. D., and J. S. Link. 2005. Autopsy your dead...and living: a proposal for fisheries science, fisheries management and fisheries. Fish and Fisheries 6:73-87.

Worm, B., and T. A. Branch. 2012. The future of fish. Trends in Ecology and Evolution 259594

Worm, B., H. K. Lotze, and R. A. Myers. 2007. Ecosystem effects of fishing and whaling in the North Pacific and Atlantic Oceans. Pages 333-341 in: Estes, J. A., et al., editors. Whales, whaling, and ocean ecosystems.

University of California Press, Berkely.

Worm, B., R. Hilborn, J. K. Baum, T. A. Branch, J. S. Collie, C. Costello, M. J. Fogarty, E. A. Fulton, J. A. Hutchings, S. Jennings, **O**. Jensen, H. K. Lotze, P. M. Mace, T. R. McClanahan, C. Minto, S. R. Palumbi, A. M. Parma, D. Ricard, A. A. Rosenberg, R. Watson, and D. Zeller. 2009. Rebuilding global fisheries. Science 325:578-585.