

The fish were randomly selected. Age was unknown until the otolith analysis was completed so equal representation of all age groups is limited.

Observing the trendline we can infer that there is a significant positive relationship between diameter of lens and age of fish (Fig. 4).

The relationship between diameter of lens and fork length is strongly positively correlated (Fig. 5).

These data indicate that the lens grows as the fish ages but not as the fork length increases.